

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/2F

Foundation Tier Paper 2 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2022

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
Α	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
sc	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
1	1.5	B1		
	Anguar	Morls	Comments	
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
2	7 <i>b</i>	B1		
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
3	120	B1		
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
4	circumference	B1		
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
		mark	oe improper fraction	
	$\frac{13}{9}$	B1	de improper nadiion	
5(a)	Additional Guidance			
	$\frac{13}{9}$ in working with a decimal on answ	wer line		В0
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	0.4375	B1	accept .4375	
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
5(b)	7 ÷ 16 with incorrect or no decimal			В0
	0.4375 in working with 0.437 or 0.438 or 0.43 or 0.44 or 0.4 on answer line			В0
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	2.8	B1		
5(c)	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	2.80			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Cost of 5 litres of cleaning fluid 2 × 18 + 10 or 36 + 10 or 46 or 18 + 3 × 10 or 18 + 30 or 48 or 5 × 10 or 50	M1	oe cost of 2×2 litres $+ 1 \times 1$ litre or cost of 1×2 litres $+ 3 \times 1$ litre or cost of 5×1 litre
6	Cost of machine plus 5 litres of cleaning fluid $25+2\times18+10$ or $25+18+3\times10 \text{ or } 73$ or $25+5\times10 \text{ or } 75$	M1dep	oe
	71(.00p)	A1	SC1 70(.00p)
	Additional Guidance		uidance
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts		
	Special case is for the correct total from	om using 2	2.5 bottles at £18

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Angle [88°, 92°] at <i>B</i>	M1	length ≥ 1 cm for vertical may be implied by a point m	arked
	Line parallel to AB	M1	mark intention length ≥ 1 cm may be implied by two points	s marked
7	Quadrilateral $ABCD$ with angle $ABC = [88^{\circ}, 92^{\circ}]$ and CD parallel to BA and $BC = [3.8, 4.2]$ cm and $DC = [5.8, 6.2]$ cm	A1	sides must be joined and loc ignore extra lines and lines of SC2 reflection of correct sha angle at A (ignore labels)	extended
	Add	ditional G	Guidance	
	Lengths of lines (as long as ≥ 1 cm) irre		for up to M2	
	Condone absence of labels C and D			
	Correct quadrilateral with C and D lat	oels swap	ped	M2A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	7 (kg) 200 (g) + 650 or 7200 + 650 or 7.2(00) + 0.65(0) or 7850 seen or 7.85(0) seen or 850 seen or 0.85(0) seen	M1		
8	7 kilograms 850 grams	A1	SC2 7.85(0) kilograms 7850	grams
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	850 may be seen embedded eg Ans	wer 29.75	kilograms 850 grams	M1A0
	7 kg 850 g seen in working but different answer			M1A0
	7.2 + 650 with no other creditworthy work			M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(8 – 5) × 4 or 3 × 4 or 12	M1	oe may be implied	
	18 – their 12 or 6	M1	oe 8 ≤ their 12 ≤ 16 may be implied by their corr	ect ft answer
	7 (pm) A1ft allow 7.00 (pm) or 19.00 (pm) ft 1 (pm) + their 6 with M0M1award			
0(=)	Allow dot, colon, comma, space or no space in time notation			
9(a)				
				M1M1A0
	$4 \times 4 = 16$, $18 - 16 = 2$, Answer 3 (p	om)		M0M1A1ft
	$3 \times 5 = 15$, $18 - 15 = 3$, Answer 4 (pm)			M0M1A1ft
	$(5-8) \times 4 = 12$ (reverse subtraction recovered and could go on to score up to M1M1A1ft)			
	$(5-8) \times 4 = 8$ (reverse subtraction rup to M0M1A1ft)	not recove	red but could go on to score	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Valid explanation or correct calculation	eg she hasn't multiplied 2 by 3 or $81 \qquad 3 \times 2 = 6$ or $answer is 18$			
	Ad	ditional G			
	A correct calculation may be seen by	Sofia's w	ork		
	It should be 3 × 6			B1	
	It should be 18			B1	
	3 × 6 = 18			B1	
	3 should be 6				
	Needs to multiply everything in the br	ackets (b	y 3)	B1	
9(b)	She should have done the brackets f	irst		B1	
	She should have added 4 and 2 first			B1	
	She did 3 × 4 but not 3 × 2			B1	
	She didn't use BIDMAS and work out	the brack	kets first	B1	
	Accept highlighting the second 3 as t calculation seen) eg It shouldn't be +	-	with no subsequent incorrect	B1	
	A correct calculation or answer 18 wi	th any or	no explanation	B1	
	A correct explanation alongside an in	correct ca	alculation	В0	
	She didn't use BODMAS / BIDMAS			В0	
	She didn't expand / multiply out the brackets correctly				
	3 should be 2			В0	
	It should be 14			В0	
	The brackets are in the wrong place			В0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(8, 1)	B1	accept (8, 1)	
10(a)	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	(8x, 1y)			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(7, 6)	B1	accept (7, 6)	
10(b)	Ado	ditional G	Guidance	
	(7 <i>x</i> , 6 <i>y</i>)			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(2, 1)	B1	accept $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ 2, & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	(2x, 1y)			
10(c)	If two or more parts have (x, y) as (y, x) then give the first 0 and condone the other(s) eg1 (a) (1, 8) (b) (6, 7) (c) (1, 2) eg2 (a) (1, 8) (b) (7, 6) (c) (1, 2) B0			
	eg3 (a) (1, 8) (b) (6, 10) (c) (1, 2)			B0 B0 B1
	eg4 (a) (8, 1) (b) (6, 7) (c) (1, 2)			B1 B0 B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	y = 6 or 6 = y	B1	accept $y = 0x + 6$	
	Additional Guidance			
10(d)	y = x + 6			В0
	<i>x</i> = 6			В0
	6			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	$\frac{5}{7} \times 168$ or 120	M1	oe eg 168 ÷ 7 × 5 implied by 48 allow 0.71(4) or 71(.4)% for $\frac{5}{7}$	
11(a)	$\frac{1}{3} \times (168 - \text{their } 120)$ or $\frac{1}{3} \times 48 \text{ or } 16$ or $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times (168 - \text{their } 120)$ or $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times 48$	M1	oe must subtract their 120 from 168 with 10 < their 120 < 150 allow 0.33(3) or 33(.3)% for $\frac{1}{3}$ allow 0.66(6) or 0.67 or 66(.6)% or 67% for $\left(1-\frac{1}{3}\right)$ 16 is M1M1	
	32(.00p)	A1	SC2 80 SC1 40	
	Alternative method 2			
	$\left(1 - \frac{5}{7}\right) \times 168 \text{ or } 48$	M1	oe eg 168 ÷ 7 × 2 allow 0.28(6) or 0.29 or 28(.6)% or 29% for $\left(1 - \frac{5}{7}\right)$	
	$\frac{1}{3} \times \text{their 48 or 16}$ or $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \text{their 48}$	M1	oe $18 < \text{their } 48 < 100$ allow 0.33(3) or 33(.3)% for $\frac{1}{3}$ allow 0.66(6) or 0.67 or 66(.6)% or 67% for $\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)$ 16 is M1M1	
	32(.00p)	A1	SC2 80 SC1 40	

	Additional Guidance	
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts	
	$\frac{5}{7}$ × 168 = 120, 120 ÷ 3 = 40, Answer 40	M1M0A0 (or SC1)
	$\frac{5}{7}$ × 168 = 120, 120 ÷ 3 = 40, Answer 80	SC2
	Alt 1	
	Allow 0.71(4) or 71(.4)% for $\frac{5}{7}$ and 0.33(3) or 33(.3)% for $\frac{1}{3}$	
	eg 0.71 × 168 = 119.28	M1
11(a)	$0.33 \times (168 - 119.28) = 16.08$, Answer 32.64	M1A0
cont	Do not allow $\frac{5}{7} = 0.7$ or $\frac{2}{7} = 0.3$ or $\frac{1}{3} = 0.3$ or $\frac{2}{3} = 0.7$	
	eg $0.7 \times 168 = 117.6$	MO
	$0.3 \times (168 - 117.6) = 15.12$, Answer 35.28	M0A0
	Second mark of Alt 1 is independent	
	eg $0.7 \times 168 = 117.6$ (unacceptable to use 0.7 for $\frac{5}{7}$)	MO
	$(168 - 117.6) \div 3 = 16.8$	M1A0
	Second mark of Alt 2 is independent	
	eg $0.3 \times 168 = 50.4$ (unacceptable to use 0.3 for $\frac{2}{7}$)	M0 M1A0
	$0.33 \times 50.4 = 16.63$	
	Calculation shown as eg 71% × 168	M1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
11(b)	It is less than the answer to part (a)	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	36 or 29 or 92	B1	condone 6.3 or 3.6 or 2.9 or 9.2	2	
	Ado	ditional G	uidance		
	Condone eg multiplication signs or 'b	y' or com	mas or 'and'		
	eg 3 × 6 or 2 × 9 or 9 by 2				
	or 3, 6 or 2, 9 or (9, 2)	В	31		
12(a)	or 3 and 6 or 2 and 9 or 9 and 2				
12(4)	Only 6 × 3 or 6 by 3 or 6, 3 or (6, 3) or 6 and 3				
	Any evaluation included in the answer must be correct More than one correct answer eg 36 and 92				
	Allow inclusion of 63 eg 36 and 63			31	
	Inclusion of an incorrect answer eg 36 and 24				

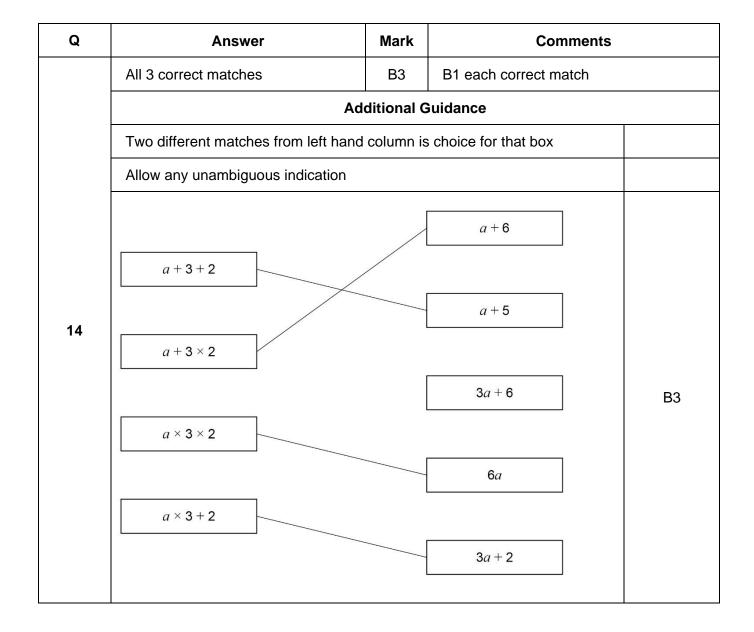
Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Any 2-digit number with at least one digit of 0	B1	eg 50 or -50 condone eg 7.0 or 0.2 or 0 condone eg 00 or 01 or 02		
	Additional Guidance				
	Condone eg multiplication signs or 'by' or commas or 'and'				
12(b)	eg 5×0 or 0 by 5 or 0×0			B1	
	or 1, 0 or (0, 1) or 0, 0			B1	
	or 2 and 0 or 0 and 2 or 0 and 0 Any evaluation included in the answer must be correct				
	More than one correct answer eg 20 and 30				
	Inclusion of an incorrect answer eg 2	Inclusion of an incorrect answer eg 20 and 21			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	89 or 98 or 99	B1	condone 8.9 or 9.8 or 9.9		
	Ade	ditional G	Guidance		
	Condone eg multiplication signs or 'by' or commas or 'and'				
	eg 8 by 9 or 9×8 or 9×9		B1		
12(c)	or (8, 9) or 9, 8 or 9, 9			B1	
	or 8 and 9 or 9 and 8 or 9 and 9 Any evaluation included in the answer must be correct More than one correct answer eg 89 and 98				
	Inclusion of an incorrect answer eg 8	39 and 91		В0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1 Compares cost of 480 bags			
	480 ÷ 80 or 6 or 480 ÷ 160 or 3	M1	oe eg 160 + 160 + 160 = 480 may be implied	
	480 ÷ 80 × 1.9(0) or 6 × 1.9(0) or 11.4(0)	M1	oe cost from small packs eg 1.90 ÷ 80 × 480 implies first M	
	480 ÷ 160 × 3.25 or 3 × 3.25 or 9.75	M1	oe cost from large packs eg 3.25 ÷ 160 × 480 implies first M	
	1.65(p)	A1		
	Alternative method 2 Compares cost of 160 bags			
13	$160 \div 80 \times 1.9(0)$ or $2 \times 1.9(0)$ or $3.8(0)$	M1	oe cost from small packs	
	their 3.8(0) – 3.25 or (0).55	M1dep	oe	
	480 ÷ 160 × their 0.55 or 3 × their 0.55	M1dep	oe	
	1.65(p)	A1		
	Alternative method 3 Compares	cost of 80) bags	
	80 ÷ 160 × 3.25 or 3.25 ÷ 2 or 1.625	M1	oe cost from large packs eg $\frac{1}{2} \times 3.25$	
	1.9(0) – their 1.625 or 0.275	M1dep	oe	
	480 ÷ 80 × their 0.275 or 6 × their 0.275	M1dep	oe	
	1.65(p)	A1		

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 4 Compares cost of 1 bag			
	1.9(0) ÷ 80 or 0.02375 and 3.25 ÷ 160 or 0.0203125	M1	oe cost from small and large packs two comparable costs	
	1.9(0) ÷ 80 – 3.25 ÷ 160 or 0.0034375	M1dep	oe	
	480 × their 0.003 437 5	M1dep	oe	
13	1.65(p)	A1		
cont	Additional Guidance			
	Allow working in pence for M marks			
	Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	If comparing cost of eg 240 bags apply the principles of Alt 4			
	In Alt 1 the second and third marks both imply the first mark and can be done in either order			
	Alts 2, 3 and 4 for the second mark a	llow subtra	actions in either order	



Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1 Using the given values			
	4.2 ÷ 7 or 0.6 or 7 ÷ 4.2 or 1.66 or 1.67 or 2.5 ÷ 7 or 0.357 or 0.36 or 7 ÷ 2.5 or 2.8	M1	implied by 1 \rightarrow 0.6 or 0.5 \rightarrow 0.3	
	2.5 × 4.2 ÷ 7	M1dep	oe eg $2.5 \div (7 \div 4.2)$ or $2.5 \div 1.67$ or $4.2 \div (7 \div 2.5)$ or $4.2 \div 2.8$ or full build-up eg $0.6 + 0.6 + 0.3$ or 0.3×5 or $4.2 \div 2 - 0.6$	
	1.5	A1	oe fraction or decimal SC2 answer with digits 15	
15	Alternative method 2 Working consistently in centimetres			
	4.2 × 100 ÷ 7 or 60 or 7 ÷ (4.2 × 100) or 0.0166 or 0.0167 or 2.5 ÷ 7 or 0.357 or 0.36 or 7 ÷ 2.5 or 2.8	M1	oe eg 420 \div 7 or 7 \div 420 implied by 1 \rightarrow 60 or 0.5 \rightarrow 30	
	2.5 × 420 ÷ 7 or 150	M1dep	oe eg $2.5 \div (7 \div 420)$ or $2.5 \div 0.0167$ or $420 \div (7 \div 2.5)$ or $420 \div 2.8$ or full build-up eg $60 + 60 + 30$ or 30×5 or $420 \div 2 - 60$	
	1.5	A1	oe fraction or decimal SC2 answer with digits 15	

	Additional Guidance			
	Up to M1 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	Answer 1.5 with no working	M2A1		
	150 is M2A0 but Answer 150 cm with m crossed out would be M2A1			
	4.2 : 1.5 or 420 : 150	M2		
	For consistent working in millimetres or metres apply the principles of Alt 2			
	Incorrect or inconsistent change of units must be recovered for M2A0 or M2A1, otherwise score 0 or SC2			
15 cont	eg1 42 \div 7 = 6, 6 \times 2.5 = 15, Answer 1.5 (units recovered)			
	eg2 4200 \div 7 = 800, 800 \times 2.5 = 2000, Answer 2 (arithmetic slip but method shown and units recovered)	M2A0		
	eg3 42 ÷ 7 = 6, 6 × 2.5 = 15, Answer 15 (units never recovered)	SC2		
	NB Correct values from incorrect methods			
	eg1 $7-4.2=2.8$ with no other creditworthy work	M0M0A0		
	eg2 $2.5 \div 4.2 = 0.6$ (1 dp) with no other creditworthy work	M0M0A0		
	If rounded or truncated values are used, the final answer must be exactly 1.5			
	eg1 2.5 ÷ 1.66 Answer 1.5 (may have kept full value on calculator)	M2A1		
	eg2 2.5 ÷ 1.66 = 1.506 Answer 1.5 (comes from further rounding)	M2A0		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	90 seen or [88°, 92°] drawn on pie chart	M1	allow missing or incorrect label
16	\frac{20}{60} \times 360 \text{ or 120 seen} or [118°, 122°] drawn on pie chart Fully correct pie chart with unambiguous labels and all angles \pm2°	M1 A1	oe eg 360 ÷ 3 allow missing or incorrect label
		ditional G	Guidance
	All three labels (or a key) needed for N, Y, M or N, Y, R eg for No do not accept 15 (people)		
	Not using the given radius will score		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
17(a)	<i>x</i> ≥ 7	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	10cd + 5c or $10dc + 5c$ or $5c + 10cd$ or $5c + 10dc$	B2	B1 fully simplified first term ie $10cd$ or $10dc$ or correct expansion not full eg $10 \times cd + 5c$ or $5c \times 3c$ or $5c2d + 5 \times 3c$	· '
17(b)	Additional Guidance			
	Further incorrect work after a B2 respect to $\frac{10cd}{5c} + 5c = 15cd$	oonse is B	11	B1
	Further incorrect work after a B1 response is still B1 eg $10cd + 1 = 11cd$			B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	7(3x + 4)	B1		
	Ado	ditional G	Buidance	
	Condone missing final bracket ie 7(3x + 4			
17(c)	Allow multiplying back out to check their answer			
17(0)	Further incorrect work after a correct response is B0			
	eg $7(3x + 4) = 7(7x)$			
	7(x3 + 4)			
	$7\times(3x+4)$			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	$\frac{9}{9+11}$ or $\frac{9}{20}$ or 0.45 or $100 \div 20 \times 9$ or 5×9 or 45:55	M1	oe eg 9 ÷ 20	
	45 A1 SC1 55		SC1 55	
18(a)	Add	ditional G	Guidance	
	Allow eg $\frac{9}{20}$ seen with further incorrect work eg $\frac{9}{20} \times 11$ 9 out of 20 with no other creditworthy work MO			
	Build-up method must be a fully corre	ect method	d	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	$\frac{100-68}{2}$ or $\frac{32}{2}$ or 16(%) or $\frac{1-0.68}{2}$ or $\frac{0.32}{2}$ or 0.16	M1	oe	
	68:16 or $\frac{68}{16} \text{ or } 68 \div 16 \text{ or } 4.25$	A1	oe ratio not in form $n:1$ eg 68%: 16% or 17: 4 or oe fraction or division or dec	
18(b)	4.25:1 or $4\frac{1}{4}$:1	B1ft	oe ratio in form $n:1$ eg $\frac{68}{16}$ ft any ratio not in form $n:1$ ft values must give n to 2 dp	
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	$\frac{100 - 68}{2} = 66$			M1
	68:66 = 1.03:1			A0B1ft
	68:32 = 2.125:1 or 68:32 = 2.13	: 1		M0A0B1ft
	68 ÷ 32, Answer 2.125 : 1 (no ratio	seen to	ft)	M0A0B0ft
	Correct ratio with subsequent truncation or rounding to < 2 dp eg1 4.25 : 1, Answer 4 : 1			
				M1A1B0
eg2 68:32 = 2.125:1, Answer 2.1:1				M0A0B0
	4.25 <i>n</i> : 1			M1A1B0
	16: 1 with no other creditworthy work	<		M1A0B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
19(a)	(2, -1)	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	(0, 8)	B1	accept $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ 0, & 8 \end{pmatrix}$	
19(b)	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	(0x, 8y)			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	5	B1		
	Ade	ditional G	Buidance	
	<u>5</u>			B1
19(c)	$\frac{10}{2} = 5$			B1
	10 2			В0
	5 <i>x</i>			В0
	<i>y</i> = 5			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	0.2 on Jose not pass	B1	oe fraction, decimal or percentage
20(a)	0.4 on Maria pass and 0.6 on Maria not pass twice	B1	oe fraction, decimal or percentage
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	0.32 or $\frac{32}{100}$ or $\frac{16}{50}$ or $\frac{8}{25}$ oe fraction, decimal or percentage or 32%					
	Additional Guidance					
	Ignore simplification or conversion if	correct an	swer seen			
	eg1 $\frac{32}{100}$ seen Answer $\frac{3}{10}$			B1		
20(b)	(b)					
	eg2 0.32, unlikely					
	Answer given as ratio (even if correct answer also seen)					
	eg 32:100 B0					
	Answer only in words eg 32 out of 100 B0					
	Only 32 (without %)			В0		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	125 and 17		together in any order	
	or 5 ³ and 17		eg 125×17 or 17×5^3 or	5, 5, 5, 17
	or 5 and 5 and 5 and 17		or 2125 ÷ 17 = 125 or 212	5 ÷ 125 = 17
			B1 at least three of 8, 27, 6, 343, 512, 729, 1000, 1331, 1 etc (allow 2 ³ , 3 ³ , 4 ³ etc)	
			or	
		B2	all four of 11, 13, 17, 19 (iginumbers not between 10 and	•
			or	
			(cube number > 1) × (prime between 10 and 20)	number
			or	
			2125 ÷ (cube number > 1)	
			or	
			2125 ÷ (prime number between 20)	een 10 and
	Additional Guidance			
21	B1 may be awarded for correct work this is seen amongst multiple attempt		r incorrect answer, even if	
	B2 responses may be seen on a factor	or tree		
	B1 for three cube numbers given in ir	ndex form	- evaluations can be ignored	
	eg 4 ³ 5 ³ 6 ³ scores B1 with no evalu	ations or v	with incorrect evaluations	
	B1 for multiplications or divisions – ev	valuation (can be ignored	
	eg1 $2^3 \times 13$ scores B1 with no evaluation	ation or ev	valuated incorrectly	
	eg2 2125 ÷ 27 scores B1 with no eva	aluation or	evaluated incorrectly	
	eg3 2125 ÷ 11 scores B1 with no eva	aluation or	evaluated incorrectly	
	125 and 17 seen in multiple attempts is B2 if 2125 included			
	eg $125 \times 17 = 2125$ or $2125 \div 17 = 125$ or $2125 \div 125 = 17$ seen amongst multiple attempts			B2
	125 and 17 seen in multiple attempts	is B1 if 2	125 not included	
	eg 125 × 17 seen amongst multiple a	attempts		B1
	11 13 15 17 19 does not score B1	unless 1	1 13 17 19 selected	
	Incomplete list eg 11 13 19 does no	ot score B	1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	$90 \times 5 \text{ or } 450$ or $\frac{72+83+88+97+x}{5}$ or $\frac{340+x}{5}$	M1	oe any letter or symbol		
	$90 \times 5 - 72 - 83 - 88 - 97$ or $90 \times 5 - 340$ or $72 + 83 + 88 + 97 + x = 90 \times 5$ or $340 + x = 90 \times 5$	M1dep	oe any letter or symbol equations must have fraction eliminated		
	110	A1			
22	Alternative method 2				
	Trial of any value with mean correctly evaluated	M1	also allow if given to the next or previous integer eg1 trial of 100 $\frac{72+83+88+97+100}{5} = 88$ eg2 trial of 78 $\frac{340+78}{5} = 83 \text{ (or 84 or 83.6)}$ ignore trials with mean not evaluated or incorrectly evaluated		
	Trial of 110 with mean evaluated to 90	M1dep	eg $\frac{72+83+88+97+110}{5}$ = 90 this mark implies M1M1		
	110	A1			

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 3			
	$\frac{72+83+88+97}{4}$ or $\frac{340}{4}$ or 85	M1	oe	
	their $85 + 5 \times (90 - \text{their } 85)$ or their $85 + 5 \times 5$ or their $85 + 25$	M1dep	oe 90 + 4 × (90 – their 85)	
	110	A1		
	Alternative method 4			
	$\frac{72+83+88+97}{5}$ or $\frac{340}{5}$ or 68	M1	oe	
	5 × (90 – their 68) or 5 × 22	M1dep	oe	
	110	A1		
22	Alternative method 5			
cont	(90-72) + (90-83) + (90-88) + $(90-97)$ or 18+7+2-7 or 20	M1	oe eg $(72-90) + (83-90) + (88-90)$ + $(97-90)$ or $90 \times 4 - 72 - 83 - 88 - 97$ or $-18-7-2+7$ or -20	
	90 + their 20	M1dep	oe eg 90 – their –20	
	110	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	M1 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	Embedded 110 scores M1M1A0 using Alt 2 (even if a different answer is given)			
	Condone eg Alt 3 72 + 83 + 88 + 97 ÷ 4			M1
	No further marks unless recovered			
	Alt 5 1st M1 Subtractions must be co	onsistent		
	Condone 110% for 110			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1 Words per minute or words per second			
	416 ÷ 8 or 52	M1	oe eg 416 ÷ (8×60) or 416 ÷ 480 or $\frac{13}{15}$ or $[0.86, 0.87]$ or 0.9	
	1534 ÷ their 52 or (1534 – 416) ÷ their 52 + 8 or 29.5	M1dep	oe eg 1534 \div their [0.86, 0.87] or $ (1534-416) \div \text{ their } [0.86, 0.87] + 8 \times 60 $ or 1770	
	29 minutes 30 seconds	A1	SC2 29 minutes 50 seconds or 29 minutes 5 seconds	
23	Alternative method 2 Minutes per	word or s	seconds per word	
	$8 \div 416$ or $\frac{1}{52}$ or [0.019, 0.019231] or 0.02	M1	oe eg 8 × 60 ÷ 416 or 480 ÷ 416 or $\frac{15}{13}$ or [1.15, 1.154] or 1.2	
	1534 × their [0.019, 0.019231] or (1534 – 416) × their [0.019, 0.019231] + 8 or 29.5	M1dep	oe eg 1534 × their [1.15, 1.154] or (1534 – 416) × their [1.15, 1.154] + 8 × 60 or 1770	
	29 minutes 30 seconds	A1	SC2 29 minutes 50 seconds or 29 minutes 5 seconds	

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

	Alternative method 3 Essay word	ls ÷ report	words	
23 cont	1534 ÷ 416 or $\frac{59}{16}$ or [3.68, 3.69] or 3.7 or (1534 – 416) ÷ 416 or [2.68, 2.69] or 2.7	M1	oe	
	8 × their [3.68, 3.69] or 8 × their [2.68, 2.69] + 8 or 29.5 29 minutes 30 seconds	M1dep A1	oe eg 8 × 60 × their [3.68, 3 or 8 × 60 × their [2.68, 2.69] + or 1770 SC2 29 minutes 50 second	8 × 60
	or 29 minutes 5 seconds			
	Additional Guidance			
	M1 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts			
	Answer 29.5 minutes 1770 seconds			M1M1A0
	Build-up method must be a fully correct method that would lead to 29.5			
	If working with report words ÷ essay words apply the principles of Alt 3			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
24	y is 125% of x	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	$\frac{33}{120}$ or $\frac{11}{40}$ or 0.275 or 27.5% B1				
	Additional Guidance				
	Correct answer seen with an answer of 33				
	Ignore simplification or conversion if	correct an	swer seen		
	eg1 $\frac{33}{120}$ seen Answer $\frac{3}{10}$			B1	
	eg2 0.275 seen Answer 0.28			B1	
	eg3 $\frac{11}{40}$ seen Answer 27.5 Ignore words if correct answer seen				
25(a)	eg1 $\frac{33}{120}$ seen Answer 11 out of 40				
	eg2 $\frac{33}{120}$, unlikely			B1	
	Answer given as ratio (even if correct answer also seen)				
	eg 33:120			B0	
	Answer only in words eg 33 out of 12	.0		В0	
	Only 27.5 (without %)			В0	
	Only 27% or 28%			В0	
	Only 0.27 or 0.28			В0	
	Only $\frac{1.1}{4}$				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	$\frac{6}{120} \times 500$ or $[4.16, 4.17] \times 6$ or $[24.96, 25.02]$ or 4.2×6 or 25.2 or $25:500$ or $\frac{25}{500}$	M1	oe eg 0.05 × 500 or 500 ÷	20	
	25	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Working and value may be seen by table				
25(b)	24 + 1, Answer 25	24 + 1, Answer 25			
	480 = 24, Answer 25			M1A1	
	Embedded but not selected as answe	er eg 137.	5 + 337.5 + 25 = 500	M1A0	
	Working for Not answered or Answer eg ignore 137.5 and 337.5 seen	ed but sa	le not made is not choice		
	25 followed by answer 19			M1A0	
	If rounded or truncated values are us 25	ed, the fir	nal answer must be exactly		
	eg1 500 ÷ 120 = 4.16, 4.16 × 6 Answer 25 (may have kept full v	alue on c	alculator)	M1 A1	
	eg2 500 ÷ 120 = 4.16, 4.16 × 6 = 24 Answer 25 (comes from further			M1 A0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	80 × 0.9 or 72 or 25 × 1.2 or 30 or 80 × 0.1 and 25 × 0.2 or 8 and 5 or -8 and 5	M1	oe eg $80 \times (1 - 0.1)$ or $25 + 25 \times 0.2$ or $25 + 5$ implied by 102 or 3 or -3	
	No and correct valid amount(s)	A1	eg no and 105 and 102 or no and 3 or no and -3 or no and 8 and 5 or no and -8 and 5	
26		ditional G	Guidance	
	If neither box is ticked, No may be implied eg neither box is ticked and Ellie paid 3 less			M1A1
	Working and values may be seen by	the table		
	No and 105 with M1 not seen			M0A0
	No and 8 with M1 not seen			M0A0
	No and 5 with M1 not seen			M0A0
	Condone No and 8 and 5 with arith eg 72 so 8 less 30 so 5 more 105 and 103 No (arithmetic error in			M1A1
	Do not condone No and 8 and 5 wire eg $80 - 8 = 72$ $25 - 5 = 20$ (proce 105 and 92 No			M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	16^2 or 256 and 30^2 or 900	M1	oe implied by 1156	
	$\sqrt{16^2 + 30^2}$ or $\sqrt{256 + 900}$ or $\sqrt{1156}$ or 34	M1dep	oe eg $\sqrt{16^2 + 30^2 - 2 \times 16 \times 30 \times \cos 90}$	
	52 × their 34 or 1768	M1dep	oe if M1M0 their 34 can be any value other than 16, 30 or 52 dep on 1st M	
	0.5 × 30 × 16 or 240	M1	oe eg 0.5 × 30 × 16 × sin 90	
	2008	A1	SC3 2248	
27	Alternative method 2			
	tan ⁻¹ $\frac{16}{30}$ or [28, 28.1] or tan ⁻¹ $\frac{30}{16}$ or [61.9, 62]	M1	oe may be on diagram	
	$\frac{30}{\cos(\text{their } [28, 28.1])}$ or $\frac{16}{\cos(\text{their } [61.9, 62])}$ or 34	M1dep	oe eg $\frac{16}{\sin(\text{their} [28, 28.1])}$ or $30\cos(\text{their} [28, 28.1]) + 16\cos(\text{their} [61.9, 62])$	
	52 × their 34 or 1768	M1dep	oe if M1M0 their 34 can be any value other than 16, 30 or 52 dep on 1st M	
	0.5 × 30 × 16 or 240	M1	oe eg 0.5 × 30 × 16 × sin 90	
	2008	A1	SC3 2248	

	Additional Guidance				
	Up to M4 may be awarded for correct work with no, or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts				
27	The 4th mark in Alts 1 and 2 is not dependent on any other marks				
cont	34 or 1768 or 240 may be on the diagram				
	SC3 is for using 30 × 16 for the area of the triangle				
	Ignore units				

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1		
	10 <i>x</i> – 5	M1	may be seen in a grid
	their $10x - 6x = 9 + \text{their } 5$		oe eg their $-5 - 9 = 6x$ – their $10x$
	or		or $4x - 14 = 0$
	4 <i>x</i> = 14	M1	collecting two terms in x and two
	or		constant terms correctly
	14 ÷ 4 or 7 ÷ 2		
	$\frac{14}{4}$ or $3\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{7}{2}$ or $3\frac{1}{2}$ or 3.5	A 4 61	oe
		A1ft	ft M1M0 or M0M1 with exactly one error
28	Alternative method 2		
	$\frac{6x}{5}+\frac{9}{5}$	M1	oe two terms eg $1.2x + 1.8$
	$2x - \text{their } \frac{6x}{5} = \text{their } \frac{9}{5} + 1$		oe eg -1 – their $\frac{9}{5}$ = their $\frac{6x}{5}$ – $2x$
	or $\frac{4x}{5} = \frac{14}{5}$	M1	or $\frac{4x}{5} - \frac{14}{5} = 0$
			collecting two terms in x and two constant terms correctly
	$\frac{14}{4}$ or $3\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{7}{2}$ or $3\frac{1}{2}$ or 3.5	A1ft	oe ft M1M0 or M0M1 with exactly one error

	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore simplification or conversion if correct answer seen			
	Correct answer from trial and improvement	M1M1A1		
	Correct equation with terms collected or division with no or incorrect answer	M1M1A0		
	Embedded 3.5 with no or incorrect answer	M1M1A0		
	10x - 5 = 6x + 9	M1		
	10x - 6x = 9 - 5	MO		
	x = 1 (exactly one error in line 2)	A1ft		
	7x - 5 = 6x + 9	MO		
	7x - 6x = 9 + 5	M1		
	x = 14 (exactly one error in line 1)	A1ft		
	10x - 5 = 6x + 9	M1		
	10x + 6x = 9 - 5	MO		
28 cont	$x = \frac{4}{16}$ (two errors in line 2)	A0ft		
001II	10x - 1 = 6x + 9	MO		
	10x - 6x = 9 + 1	M1		
	x = 3 (exactly one error in line 1 but answer does not ft)	A0ft		
	7x - 6 = 6x + 9	MO		
	7x - 6x = 9 + 6	M1		
	x = 15 (two errors in line 1)	A0ft		
	10x + 4 = 6x + 9	MO		
	10x - 6x = 9 + 4	MO		
	x = 3.25 (neither M mark scored)	A0ft		
	10x - 5 = 30x + 45	M1M0A0ft		
	Any ft answer must be rounded or truncated to 1 dp or better			
	The last two marks can be implied without the collection of terms seen			
	eg $10x - 1 = 6x + 9$ and $x = 2.5$	M0M1A1ft		
	Collecting terms before the bracket has been expanded	MOMOAOft		